ro rs	0	0	0	0
Error Definit ion				
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Time Stamp	2002/08/2 4 14:43	2002/08/2	2002/08/2 4 14:48	2002/08/2 4 14:50
DBs	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT
Search Text	mental adj disorder	(anxiety adj disorder) or adhd or (attention adj deficit adj hyperactivity adj disorder) or (autistic adj disorder) or (bipolar depression or (mood adj disorder) or (pervasive adj developmental adj disorder) or (psychotic adj disorder) or schizophrenia	Åj	(cationic adj peptide) or cephalosporin or glycopeptide or macrolide or nitroimidazole or polypeptide or penicillin or
Hits	1491	17712	2573	10975
# #	L1	L2	ГЗ	L4
Туре	BRS	BRS	BRS 1	BRS 1
	1	7	3	4

	Туре	#	Hits		DBs	Time Stamp	Comme	Error Er Definit ro ion rs	Er ro rs
Ŋ	BRS	<u>1</u> 2	8264	amaxicillin or bacitracin or (cefpodoxime adj proxetil) or clarithromycin or metronidazole or (polymyxin adj b) or	USPAT; US-PGPUB; 2002/08/2 EPO; JPO; DERWENT	2002/08/2			0
9	BRS	L6	54	3 same 4	USPAT; US-PGPUB; 2002/08/2 EPO; JPO; 4 14:53 DERWENT	2002/08/2 4 14:53			0
7	BRS	L7	35	(1 or 2) same (5 or 6)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; 2002/08/2 EPO; JPO; 4 14:54 DERWENT	2002/08/2 4 14:54			0

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:35 ON 24 AUG 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT

15:08:11 ON 24 AUG 2002

- L1 217887 S MENTAL DISORDER
- L2 74834 S (ANXIETY DISORDER) OR (ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORD
- L3 205220 S (MOOD DISORDER) OR (PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER) OR (PSY
- L4 270409 S L2 OR L3
- L5 979 S ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOSITION
- L6 785506 S (CATIONIC PEPTIDE) OR CEPHALOSPORIN OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR MACROL
- L7 20 S L5 (P) L6
- L8 145278 S AMAXICILLIN OR BACITRACIN OR (CEFPODOXIME PROXEETIL) OR CLARI
- L9 875100 S L5 OR L6 OR L8
- L10 342 S (L1 OR L2 OR L3) (P) L9
- L11 249 DUPLICATE REMOVE L10 (93 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
- L12 150 S L11 (P) TREAT?
- L13 8 S L12 (P) ADMINIST?
- L14 145291 S L7 OR L8
- L15 25 S (L1 OR L4) (P) L14
- L16 17 DUPLICATE REMOVE L15 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
- L17 15 S L16 NOT L13

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:35 ON 24 AUG 2002
=> file medline caplus biosis embase scisearch agricola
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FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:08:11 ON 24 AUG 2002
=> s mental disorder
        217887 MENTAL DISORDER
=> s (anxiety disorder) or (attention deficit hyperactivity disorder) or adhd or (autistic disorde
         74834 (ANXIETY DISORDER) OR (ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER)
                OR ADHD OR (AUTISTIC DISORDER) OR (MAJOR DEPRESSION)
=> s (mood disorder) or (pervasive developmental disorder) or (psychotic disorder) or schizophreni
        205220 (MOOD DISORDER) OR (PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER) OR (PSYCHO
L3
               TIC DISORDER) OR SCHIZOPHRENIA
=> s 12 or 13
        270409 L2 OR L3
=> s antimicrobial composition
           979 ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOSITION
=> s (cationic peptide) or cephalosporin or glycopeptide or macrolide or nitroimidazole or polypep
        785506 (CATIONIC PEPTIDE) OR CEPHALOSPORIN OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR MACROLIDE
L6
                OR NITROIMIDAZOLE OR POLYPEPTIDE OR PENICILLIN OR POLYMYXIN
=> s 15 (p) 16
            20 L5 (P) L6
=> s amaxicillin or bacitracin or (cefpodoxime proxeetil) or clarithromycin or metronidazole or (p
        145278 AMAXICILLIN OR BACITRACIN OR (CEFPODOXIME PROXEETIL) OR CLARITHR
L8
               OMYCIN OR METRONIDAZOLE OR (POLYMYXIN B) OR VANCOMYCIN
=> s 15 or 16 or 18
        875100 L5 OR L6 OR L8
L9
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:35 ON 24 AUG 2002)
     FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT
     15:08:11 ON 24 AUG 2002
         217887 S MENTAL DISORDER
L1
          74834 S (ANXIETY DISORDER) OR (ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORD
L2
         205220 S (MOOD DISORDER) OR (PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER) OR (PSY
L3
L4
         270409 S L2 OR L3
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L5

L6 L7

L8

979 S ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOSITION

20 S L5 (P) L6

785506 S (CATIONIC PEPTIDE) OR CEPHALOSPORIN OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR MACROL

145278 S AMAXICILLIN OR BACITRACIN OR (CEFPODOXIME PROXEETIL) OR CLARI

=> s (l1 or l2 or l3) (p) 19 342 (L1 OR L2 OR L3) (P) L9

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DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH'

KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10

249 DUPLICATE REMOVE L10 (93 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l11 (p) treat?

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'L82 (P) TREAT?'

150 L11 (P) TREAT?

=> s l12 (p) administ?

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'L83 (P) ADMINIST?'

8 L12 (P) ADMINIST?

=> d 113 1-8 ibib abs

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 8 MEDITNE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001036362 MEDITNE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20372049 PubMed ID: 10917381

Hyperventilation associated with quetiapine. TITLE:

Shelton P S; Barnett F L; Krick S E AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: MEDS Program, Resources for Seniors, Raleigh, NC 27609,

USA.. pennys@rfsnc.org

SOURCE: ANNALS OF PHARMACOTHERAPY, (2000 Mar) 34 (3) 335-7.

Journal code: 9203131. ISSN: 1060-0280.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200011

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322

> Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20001130

OBJECTIVE: To describe a case of hyperventilation associated with the AB ***administration*** of quetiapine. CASE SUMMARY: A 69-year-old

African-American woman admitted to a psychiatric hospital for

treatment of ***major*** ***depression*** with psychotic features was ***treated*** and successfully discharged with

quetiapine, along with ***metronidazole*** and miconazole to

treat bacterial/monilial vaginitis. Three days after discharge, the patient presented to a community hospital with shortness of breath and hyperventilation. The patient was admitted and ***treated*** tachypnea and acute respiratory alkalosis. During this hospitalization, the patient was noted to have increased respiratory rate following the

administration of quetiapine. DISCUSSION: Hyperventilation was reported during the clinical trials of quetiapine; however, this is the first published report to date. Serotonin is involved both centrally and peripherally in the regulation of respiration. A contributing factor in this case may have been the concomitant ***administration***

metronidazole , which inhibits the cytochrome P450 enzyme (CYP3A4) also responsible for the metabolism of quetiapine. CONCLUSIONS: The development of hyperventilation and respiratory alkalosis was associated

with the ***administration*** of quetiapine.

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 8 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000089522

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20089522 PubMed ID: 10624396

TITLE: [Clinical characteristics and therapy of neurosyphilis in

MEDLINE

patients who are negative for human immunodeficiency

virus].

Klinicke odlike i terapija neurosifilisa negativnog na

infekciju virusom humane imunodeficijencije.

AUTHOR: Pavlovic D M; Milovic A M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Neurology, Clinical Centre of Serbia,

Belgrade.

SRPSKI ARHIV ZA CELOKUPNO LEKARSTVO, (1999 Jul-Aug) 127 SOURCE:

(7-8) 236-40.

Journal code: 0027440. ISSN: 0370-8179.

PUB. COUNTRY: Yuqoslavia

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

Serbo-Croatian LANGUAGE:

Priority Journals; AIDS FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200001

Entered STN: 20000204 ENTRY DATE: Last Updated on STN: 20000204 Entered Medline: 20000124 INTRODUCTION: Neurosyphilis is still a significant medical problem in AB developing countries and its occurrence in HIV infection is the reason for a growing number of new cases in developed countries [1-4]. Personality changes are the commonest symptom of late neurosyphilis [5]. Neurologic deficits are usually due to syphilitic vasculitis with lacunar infarctions [6]. The laboratory confirmation of neurosyphilis must depend on a cluster of tests (Venereal Disease Research Laboratories -- VDRL; Fluorescent Treponemal Antibody-Absorption--FTA-ABS; Treponema Pallidum Immobilization -- TPI or Nelson-Mayer). The diagnosis of active neurosyphilis also requires an inflammatory cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) test [4]. METHODS: A retrospective study of hospitalized neurosyphilitic patients at the Institute of Neurology, Belgrade, Serbia, was carried out. Between 1990 and 1996 seven cases were found: five males and two females, aged from 22 to 66 years, mean 56 years. All were in tertiary stage and HIV negative. None of them reported previous veneral disease and only one reported meningitis. In all patients neurological examination, VDRL and TPI in blood and CSF, CT or MRI of the brain, Mini Mental State (MMS) test [11] and psychiatric evaluation were performed. To patients with active disease 24 million units of crystalline ***penicillin*** ***administered*** , in divided daily doses in continuous intravenous infusions for three weeks. RESULTS: Symptoms. Five patients (71%) had gait disturbances, four (57%) headache, three (43%) hearing loss, speech complaints, forgetfulness, mood changes, and two (29%) seizures and stroke-like episodes. Malaise, diplopia, visual loss, vertigo, loss of sphincter control and paresthesia were noticed in one patient (14%). Neurologic findings. Five patients (71%) had pupillary changes. In four (57%) of them we found hemiparesis, gait disturbances and signs of cerebellar involvement, in three (43%) hearing loss, dysarthria, paraparesis, hypesthesia for light touch, ***mood*** ***disorders*** (depression in two, hypomania in one), mild cognitive decline and tremor of the tongue and hands. Lesion of the second and the sixth cranial nerve, position sense and positive release signs were recorded in one patient (14%). Gonarthrotic changes were observed in two (29%) patients. Cerebrospinal fluid. Elevated cell count and high protein level were detected in four (57%) patients. Three had also positive oligoclonal bands. Serological tests. In six patients (86%) serological tests for syphilis were positive (VDRL and/or Nelson-Mayer Test) in serum and in three (43%) in CSF. Results in one patient were negative both regarding serum and CSF, as he was ***treated*** for secondary syphilis in his twenties (now 65 years old) presumably as a "burnt out" case with neurologic sequelae. Neuroimaging. CT and MRI of the brain showed cortical and subcortical reduction in the brain parenchyma in four (57%) and multiischaemic changes in two (29%) patients. Therapy. Crystalline

penicillin was ***administered*** to five patients with no side effects. Improvement of mood and cognitive status were noted in three patients, improvement of neurologic status in two subjects and arrest of progression in two patients. DISCUSSION: None of our patients reported previous venereal disease. They complained of impaired gait, headache, hearing loss, speech difficulties, forgetfulness, and mood changes. Pupillary changes, hemiparesis, gait disturbances and cerebellar signs, hearing loss, dysarthria, paraparesis, hypesthesia,

disorders , mild cognitive decline and tremor of the tongue and hands were found during the examination. Pupillary signs are the most important symptoms because they can point to neurosyphilis. A two-step approach is recommended for establishing the diagnosis of syphilis with simple nontreponemal tests for screening purpose, and specific treponemal tests for its confirmation [21]. In our patients all but one were positive for syphilis in serum-tests and/or CSF. (ABS

136:274348 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Genes of the central nervous system regul TITLE: neuroleptic agents and methods of diagnosing neuropsychiatric disorders Thomas, Elizabeth A.; Sutcliffe, J. Gregor; Pribyl, INVENTOR(S): Thomas M.; Hilbush, Brian S.; Hasel, Karl W. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Digital Gene Technologies, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 254 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 2002026936 A2 20020404 WO 2001-US30695 20011001 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-236790P P 20000929 US 2001-263084P P 20010118 Polynucleotides, ***polypeptides*** , kits and methods are provided related to genes expressed in the central nervous system that are regulated by neuroleptics. Gene expression was analyzed using the PCR-based Total Gene Expression Anal. (TOGA) method to identify patterns of expression of thousands of genes and compare expression patterns among time courses following clozapine ***treatment*** . Genes regulated by clozapine ***treatment*** were examd. in haloperidol- ***treated*** animals for a comparative anal. TOGA anal. identified several genes that are altered in their expression in response to clozapine and/or haloperidol ***administration*** in mouse brain. In particular, the TOGA system was used to examine how gene expression in the striatum and nucleus accumbens is regulated by an atypical neuroleptic agents (clozapine). These studies have identified proteins and genes which are regulated by the ***treatment*** of atypical drugs. Further, these studies have identified at least one gene (the apolipoprotein D gene) which is differentially regulated by typical and atypical drugs. Detection of mutations in this gene may be used to diagnose ***schizophrenia*** or susceptibility to ***schizophrenia*** ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2001:320068 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:336724 TITLE: Genes regulated by neuroleptic agents and methods of diagnosing neuropsychiatric disorders Thomas, Elizabeth A.; Sutcliffe, J. Gregor; Pribyl, INVENTOR(S): Thomas M.; Hilbush, Brian; Hasel, Karl W. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Digital Gene Technologies, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 210 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------WO 2001030972 A3 A2 20010503 WO 2000-US29690 20001026 WO 2001030972 20020510 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,

SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

AU 2001-13498 20010508 20001026 AU 2001013498 A5 EP 2000-975448 20001026 A2 20020731 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL US 1999-161379P P 19991026 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2000-US29690 W 20001026 AB Polynucleotides, ***polypeptides*** , kits and methods are provided related to genes expressed in the central nervous system that are regulated by neuroleptics. Thus, studies were performed using the PCR-based Total Gene Expression Anal. (TOGA) method to analyze the expression patterns of thousands of genes and compare expression patterns among time courses following clozapine ***treatment*** . Genes regulated by clozapine ***treatment*** were examd. in haloperidol-***treated*** animals for a comparative anal. TOGA anal. identified several genes that are altered in their expression in response to clozapine and/or haloperidol ***administration*** in mouse brain. particular, the TOGA system was used to examine how gene expression in the striatum and nucleus accumbens is regulated by an atypical neuroleptic agents (clozapine). These studies have identified proteins and genes ***treatment*** of atypical drugs. which are regulated by the Further, these studies have identified at least one gene (the apolipoprotein D gene) which is differentially regulated by typical and atypical drugs. Detection of mutations in this gene may be used to diagnose ***schizophrenia*** or susceptibility to ***schizophrenia*** L13 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:239969 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:220700 Oral Helicobacter pylori inhibitors containing TITLE: aluminum silicate or dried aluminum hydroxide gel INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Hidehiko PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yakurigaku Chuo Kenkyusho Kk, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ---- ----19970121 JP 09020668 A2 JP 1995-172356 19950707 AΒ The inhibitors contain .gtoreq.1 selected from synthetic Al silicate, natural Al silicate, and dried Al hydroxide gel. The inhibitors may addnl. contain .gtoreq.1 selected from .beta.-lactam antibiotics, ***macrolides*** , ***nitroimidazole*** bactericides, proton pump inhibitors, and H2-receptor antagonists. The inhibitors induce no ***treatment*** of upper digestive tract disorders, e.g. gastritis, duodenal ulcer, and gastric ulcer. MIC90 of Takallophane (I; synthetic Al silicate) against H. pylori was 50 .mu.g/mL compared with that of Bi subnitrate. MIC90 of I in the combination with ***clarithromycin*** was 0.1 .mu.g/mL. Simultaneous ***administration*** of Antipollon, I, **, *metronidazole *** , and tetracycline to gastric ulcer patients showed 90∜ eradication rate for H. pylori. ANSWER 6 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:454621 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:54621 TITLE: Treating schizophrenia with .beta.-lactams INVENTOR(S): Horrobin, David Frederick PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Efamol Ltd., Australia Pat. Specif. (Aust.), 21 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: ALXXAP

Patent

English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

LANGUAGE:

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SBF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

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PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

AU 549024 B2 19860109 AU 1982-79776 19820122

AU 8279776 A1 19820422

***Schizophrenia*** resulting from prostaglandin imbalance (a
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Schizophrenia resulting from prostaglandin imbalance (a deficiency of a series of prostaglandins such as PGE1 not derived from arachidonic acid) is ***treated*** with .beta.-lactam antibiotics such as ***penicillin*** V which preferentially stimulate the formation of 1-series prostaglandins. Supplementation with Zn2+ and prostaglandin precursors such as .gamma.-linolenic or dihomo-.gamma.-linolenic acid enhance the action .beta.-lactams. For example, oil contg. 8.9% .gamma.-linolenate was extd. from seeds of Oenothera biennis, and gelatin capsules were prepd. contg. ext. 0.5 g, ***penicillin*** V 0.25 g, and ZnSO4 10 mg for ***administration*** to ***schizophrenia*** patients at 0.5-3.0 g ***penicillin*** /day.

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:538650 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:138650

TITLE: Pharmaceutical and dietary compositions

INVENTOR(S): Horrobin, David F.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Efamol Ltd., UK
SOURCE: U.S., 9 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 4273763	Α	19810616	US 1979-4924 19790119
AU 524106	B2	19820902	AU 1979-45958 19790411
AU 7945958	A1	19791129	
US 4302447	Α	19811124	US 1979-89293 19791030
US 4393049	Α	19830712	US 1981-272082 19810610
US 4415554	Α	19831115	US 1981-272083 19810610
US 4444755	Α	19840424	US 1981-272081 19810610
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		GB 1978-2642 A 19780123
			GB 1978-4921 A 19780207
			GB 1978-15481 A 19780419
			GB 1978-33682 A 19780817
			GB 1978-41761 A 19781024
			US 1979-4924 A2 19790119
			US 1979-89293 A2 19791030
, .,	•		

Pharmaceutical compns. for ***treatment*** of ***schizophrenia***, skin disorders, obesity, and menstrual disorders contain Oenothera biennis seed oil, optionally with addnl. .gamma.-linolenic acid [506-26-3] or Me dihomo-.gamma.-linolenate [21061-10-9] and (or) Zn salts, and (or) .beta.-lactam antibiotics. ***Schizophrenia*** also may be ***treated*** with .beta.-lactam antibiotics alone. Dietary compns. may contain .gamma.-linolenic acid or other acids. Thus, for ***treatment*** of ***schizophrenia*** 2 capsules contg. 0.5 g O. biennis oil, 0.25 g ***penicillin*** V [87-08-1], 10 mg Me dihomo-.gamma.-linolenate, and 10 mg ZnSO4 10 mg/capsule ***administered*** thrice daily.

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:296891 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100296891

TITLE: hKCa3/KCNN3 small conductance calcium activated potassium

channel: a diagnostic marker and therapeutic target. Chandy, K. George; Gargus, J. Jay (1); Gutman, George;

Fantino, Emmanuelle; Kalman, Katarin

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Irvine, CA USA

AUTHOR (S):

ASSIGNEE: The Regents of the University of California

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6165719 December 26, 2000

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Dec. 26, 2000) Vol. 1241, No. 4, pp. No

Pagination. e-file.

ISSN: 0098-1133.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English The present invention is based on the discovery and cloning of the human small conductance calcium activated potassium channel type 3 (hKCa3/KCNN3) gene, which is expressed in neuronal cells, skeletal muscle, heart, and lymphocytes. Alterations in the hKCa3/KCNN3 gene or its protein product may enhance susceptibility to ***schizophrenia*** and/or bipolar disorder. hKCa3/KCNN3 may be involved in neuropsychiatric, neurological, neuromuscular, and immunological disorders. Substantially purified hKCa3/KNN3 ***polypeptides*** and polynucleotides are provided. Antibodies which bind to hKCa3/KCNN3 ***polypeptides*** disclosed. A method for identifying a compound which affects hKCa3/KCNN3 polynucleotide or ***polypeptide*** is provided. A method for diagnosis and determining the prognosis and ***treatment*** a subject having or at risk of having a hKCa3/KCNN3-associated disorder is also provided. A method of ***treating*** a subject having or at risk of having an hKCa3/KCNN3-associated disorder by ***administering*** therapeutically effective amount of a polynucleotide encoding SEQ ID NO:2 ***administration*** is also provided. A formulation for hKCa3/KCNN3 to a patient of a therapeutically effective amount of ***polypeptide*** is provided. Kits useful for detecting hKCa3/KCNN3 the presence of hKCa3/KCNN3 ***polypeptide*** or polynucleotide in a sample from a subject having a hKCa3/KCNN3-associated disorder are provided. Transgenic nonhuman animals having a transgene encoding hKCa3/KCNN3 are also described. => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:07:35 ON 24 AUG 2002) FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 15:08:11 ON 24 AUG 2002 217887 S MENTAL DISORDER L1 L2 74834 S (ANXIETY DISORDER) OR (ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORD L3 205220 S (MOOD DISORDER) OR (PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER) OR (PSY L4270409 S L2 OR L3 L5 979 S ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOSITION L6 785506 S (CATIONIC PEPTIDE) OR CEPHALOSPORIN OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR MACROL L7 20 S L5 (P) L6 L8145278 S AMAXICILLIN OR BACITRACIN OR (CEFPODOXIME PROXEETIL) OR CLARI L9 875100 S L5 OR L6 OR L8 342 S (L1 OR L2 OR L3) (P) L9 L10249 DUPLICATE REMOVE L10 (93 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L11150 S L11 (P) TREAT? L128 S L12 (P) ADMINIST? L13 => s 17 or 18 145291 L7 OR L8 L14 => s (l1 or l4) (p) l14 25 (L1 OR L4) (P) L14 => duplicate remove 115 DUPLICATE PREFERENCE IS 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH' KEEP DUPLICATES FROM MORE THAN ONE FILE? Y/(N):n PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L15 17 DUPLICATE REMOVE L15 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED) => s 116 not 113 15 L16 NOT L13 L17 => d 117 1-15 ibib abs L17 ANSWER 1 OF 15 MEDLINE 2001500084 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21433571 PubMed ID: 11550013

enzymes as a possible mechanism of its anxiolytic activity.

AUTHOR: Zozulya A A; Kost N V; Yu Sokolov O; Gabaeva M V;
Grivennikov I A; Andreeva L N; Zolotarev Y A; Ivanov S V;
Andryushchenko A V; Myasoedov N F; Smulevich A B

The inhibitory effect of Selank on enkephalin-degrading

TITLE:

Center of Mental Health, Russian Academy of Medical CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sciences, Mos

BULLETIN OF EXPERIMENTAL BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE, (2001 Apr) SOURCE:

131 (4) 315-7.

Journal code: 0372557. ISSN: 0007-4888.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200201

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010911

> Last Updated on STN: 20020201 Entered Medline: 20020131

15 microM). Selank was more potent than peptidase inhibitors

Examination of patients with various forms of anxiety and phobic disorders AΒ (according to DSM-4 criteria) demonstrated a considerable shortening of enkephalin half-life and reduced total enkephalinase activity in the blood during generalized anxiety, but not during panic disorders and agoraphobia. This was probably related to low blood concentration of endogenous inhibitors of enkephalin-degrading enzymes in patients with ***disorders*** . Heptapeptide Selank generalized ***anxiety*** (Thr-Lys-Pro-Arg-Pro-Gly-Pro), which attenuates behavioral anxiety reactions and does not cause side effects typical of most anxiolytics, dose-dependently inhibited enzymatic hydrolysis of plasma enkephalin (IC50

bacitracin and puromycin in inhibiting enkephalinases. These results suggest that high efficiency of Selank in the therapy of anxiety and phobic disorders, including generalized anxiety, is due to its ability

to inhibit enkephalin hydrolysis.

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 15 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001445379 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21384847 PubMed ID: 11493940

TITLE: Steroid-induced mania in an adolescent: risk factors and

management.

AUTHOR: Couturier J; Steele M; Hussey L; Pawliuk G

CORPORATE SOURCE: University of Western Ontario, London, Ontario N5Y 4L3,

Canada.. jlcoutur@julian.uwo.ca

CANADIAN JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY, (2001 Summer) 8 SOURCE:

(2) 109-12.

Journal code: 9804162. ISSN: 1198-581X.

PUB. COUNTRY: Canada

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200109

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010813

> Last Updated on STN: 20010910 Entered Medline: 20010906

AB Few studies have clearly defined the risk factors and management of steroid-induced mania, particularly in children and adolescents. The case study of a 15-year-old woman with steroid-induced mania is examined to delineate risk factors and management. Genetic predisposition to

mood ***disorders*** , previous exposure to steroids and the concomitant use of ***clarithromycin*** are potential risk factors. Mood stabilizers such as lithium and/or valproic acid may be useful in the acute and prophylactic treatment of steroid-induced mania.

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 15 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97390557 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97390557 PubMed ID: 9247414

TITLE: ***Metronidazole*** -induced ***psychotic***

disorder

AUTHOR: Schreiber W; Spernal J

SOURCE: AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PSYCHIATRY, (1997 Aug) 154 (8) 1170-1.

Journal code: 0370512. ISSN: 0002-953X.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Letter LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199708

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19970902

Last Updated on STN: 19970902

Entered Medline: 19970815

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:144983 CAPLUS

TITLE: HPLC methods for the detection and quantification of

risperidone and 9-hydroxyrisperidone from serum

AUTHOR(S): English, Susan M.; Perel, James M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Chatham College, Pittsburgh,

PA, 15232, USA

SOURCE: Book of Abstracts, 217th ACS National Meeting,

Anaheim, Calif., March 21-25 (1999), CHED-509. American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 67GHA6

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE: English

Risperidone, introduced in 1993, is used to treat ***schizophrenia***. Risperidone acts as an antagonist to both D2 and 5-HT2 receptors in the brain. 9-hydroxyrisperidone, a risperidone metabolite, is also pharmacol. active. Development of an HPLC method with electrochem. detection is being undertaken to bring limits of detection below 0.1 ng/mL. This will be done using a cyano column with isocratic and gradient acetonitrile/methanol/ammonium acetate solvent systems. The new method will be modified to resolve the two enantiomers of 9-hydroxyrisperidone on cyclodextrin and ***vancomycin*** columns. Method validation studies for anal. of risperidone and its active metabolite in human blood serum will be presented, along with limit of detection data.

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:209341 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900209341

TITLE: Clarithromycin-induced acute psychoses in peptic ulcer

disease.

AUTHOR(S): Gomez-Gil, E. (1); Garcia, F.; Pintor, L.; Martinez, J. A.;

Mensa, J.; de Pablo, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Institute of Psychiatry, Hospital Clinic, Villarroel

170, E-08036, Barcelona Spain

SOURCE: European Journal of Clinical Microbiology & Infectious

Diseases, (Jan., 1999) Vol. 18, No. 1, pp. 70-71.

ISSN: 0934-9723.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:509101 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799808304

TITLE: Carbamazepine toxicity induced by clarithromycin

coadministration in psychiatric patients.

AUTHOR(S): Yasui, N. (1); Otani, K.; Kaneko, S.; Shimoyama, R.;

Ohkubo, T.; Sugawara, K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Neuropsychiatry, Hirosaki Univ. Hosp., Hirosaki

036 Japan

SOURCE: International Clinical Psychopharmacology, (1997) Vol. 12,

No. 4, pp. 225-229. ISSN: 0268-1315.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

Seven psychiatric inpatients receiving carbamazepine 600 mg/day were coadministered clarithromycin 400 mg/day for 5 days to treat atypical pneumonia. Blood samples were taken after clarithromycin coadministration and at 1 and 4 weeks after its discontinuation. Plasma concentrations of carbamazepine and carbamazepine-10,11-epoxide were measured using high-performance liquid chromatography. During clarithromycin coadministration, four out of the seven patients developed moderate-to-severe toxic symptoms of carbamazepine, such as drowsiness, dizziness and ataxia, which resolved within 5 days after clarithromycin discontinuation. In these four patients, plasma carbamazepine concentrations after clarithromycin coadministration were approximately twice as high as those after its discontinuation. In the seven patients, the mean plasma concentration of carbamazepine, but not of carbamazepine-10,11-epoxide, after clarithromycin coadministration was significantly (p lt 0.01) higher than those at 1 and 4 weeks after its discontinuation. The present report suggests that clarithromycin

coadministration induces increased plasma carbamazepine concentrations, which may result in carbamaze the toxicity. Therefore, care still be given to prescribing clarithromycin for patients receiving carbamazepine.

ANSWER 7 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:354455 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799660858

Percutaneous ethanol injection of a hepatocellular TITLE: carcinoma complicated by acute endocarditis on aortic

valvulopathy and a cerebral abscess.

Vuillemin, Eric (1); Oberti, Frederic (1); Aube, AUTHOR (S):

Christophe; Rifflet, Herve (1); Asfar, Pierre; Cales, Paul

(1)

(1) Serv. Hepato-Gastroenterol., CHU, 4 rue Larrey, F-49033 CORPORATE SOURCE:

Angers Cedex 01 France

Gastroenterologie Clinique et Biologique, (1997) Vol. 21, SOURCE:

> No. 5, pp. 441-442. ISSN: 0399-8320. Letter; (CASE STUDY)

LANGUAGE: French

L17 ANSWER 8 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334785 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799633988

TITLE Automated EMIT assay for the direct quantitation of

vancomycin on the Technicon Immuno 1 system. Ruemer, R.; Hammad, N.; Mattes-Pound, M. L.; Swirski, C.; AUTHOR (S):

Ku, C.

Bayer Corporation, Tarrytown, NY USA

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Clinical Chemistry, (1997) Vol. 43, No. 6 PART 2, pp. S214.

Meeting Info.: 49th Annual Meeting of the American

Association for Clinical Chemistry Atlanta, Georgia, USA

July 20-24, 1997 ISSN: 0009-9147.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract; Conference English

LANGUAGE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

L17 ANSWER 9 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334766 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799633969

Measurement of Tobramycin, Gentamicin and Vancomycin on the TITLE:

Dade Dimension Clinical Chemistry System.

AUTHOR (S): Tuggey, R. L. (1); Brown, C. B. (1); Moses, K. (1); Braun,

A. (1); Johnson, A. L. (1); Mayer, T. K. (1); Kilgore, D. (1) United Health Serv. Inc., Johnson City, NY 13790 USA

SOURCE: Clinical Chemistry, (1997) Vol. 43, No. 6 PART 2, pp. S211.

Meeting Info.: 49th Annual Meeting of the American Association for Clinical Chemistry Atlanta, Georgia, USA

July 20-24, 1997 ISSN: 0009-9147.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract; Conference

LANGUAGE: English

L17 ANSWER 10 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334759 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799633962

TITLE: A multi-site evaluation of the Abbott AxSYM Vancomycin II. AUTHOR (S): Chou, P. P. (1); Tsushima, J. H.; Troxil, S.; Azzazy, H. M.

E.; Christenson, R. H.; Chiappetta, E.; Avers, R. J.

(1) American Med. Lab., Chantilly, VA USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: Clinical Chemistry, (1997) Vol. 43, No. 6 PART 2, pp. S209.

Meeting Info.: 49th Annual Meeting of the American Association for Clinical Chemistry Atlanta, Georgia, USA

July 20-24, 1997 ISSN: 0009-9147.

Conference; Abstract; Conference

LANGUAGE: English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334756 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799633959

TITLE: Evaluation of the vancomycin assay on the Bayer TECHNICON IMMUNO 1 system.

AUTHOR(S): Despres, N. (Dillon, P. W.; Garland, D.; G t, A. M.

(1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Centre Res. Eval. Immunodiagn., Centre Univ. Sante

Estrie, Sherbrooke, PQ Canada

SOURCE: Clinical Chemistry, (1997) Vol. 43, No. 6 PART 2, pp.

S208-S209.

Meeting Info.: 49th Annual Meeting of the American

Association for Clinical Chemistry Atlanta, Georgia, USA

July 20-24, 1997 ISSN: 0009-9147.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract; Conference

LANGUAGE: English

L17 ANSWER 12 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:334744 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799633947

TITLE: Development of the VITROS Chemistry Products VANC Slides

for the measurement of vancomycin.

AUTHOR(S): Snodgrass, G.; Chambers, D.; Ferrara, L.; Kennel, N.;

Mauck, L.; Pratt, L.; Vavra, K.; Warren, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Johnson Johnson Clin. Diagn., Rochester, NY 14650 USA

SOURCE: Clinical Chemistry, (1997) Vol. 43, No. 6 PART 2, pp. S206.

Meeting Info.: 49th Annual Meeting of the American

Association for Clinical Chemistry Atlanta, Georgia, USA

July 20-24, 1997 ISSN: 0009-9147.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract; Conference

LANGUAGE: English

L17 ANSWER 13 OF 15 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:15401 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: BR11:15401

TITLE: CLINICAL EVALUATION OF NEW CHEMO THERAPEUTIC AGENTS.

AUTHOR(S): GALLANT D M

SOURCE: Psychopharmacol. Bull., (1974) 10 (2), 47.

CODEN: PSYBB9. ISSN: 0048-5764.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference FILE SEGMENT: BR; OLD LANGUAGE: Unavailable

L17 ANSWER 14 OF 15 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97235352 EMBASE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997235352

TITLE: ***Metronidazole*** -induced ***psychotic***

disorder [5].

AUTHOR: Schreiber W.; Spernal J.

SOURCE: American Journal of Psychiatry, (1997) 154/8 (1170-1171).

Refs: 4

ISSN: 0002-953X CODEN: AJPSAO

COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Letter
FILE SEGMENT: 004 Microbiology

010 Obstetrics and Gynecology

032 Psychiatry

037 Drug Literature Index 038 Adverse Reactions Titles

LANGUAGE: English

L17 ANSWER 15 OF 15 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2002 ISI (R)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:92775 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 514TM

TITLE: Antinticrobial-induced mania (antibiomania): A review of

spontaneous reports

AUTHOR: Abouesh A (Reprint); Stone C; Hobbs W R

CORPORATE SOURCE: S Virginia Mental Hlth Inst, 382 Taylor Dr, Danville, VA

24541 USA (Reprint); S Virginia Mental Hlth Inst,

Danville, VA 24541 USA; Univ Virginia, Hlth Sci Ctr, Dept

Psychiat, Charlottesville, VA USA

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: USA

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY, (FEB 2002) Vol.

22, No. 1, pp. 71-81.

Publisher: LIPPINCOTT WILLIAMS & WILKINS, 530 WALNUT ST, PHILADELPHIA A 19106-3621 USA.

ISSN: 0271-0749.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

AB

General Review; Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

29

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS The authors reviewed reported cases of antibiotic-induced manic episodes by means of a MEDLINE and PsychLit search for reports of antibiotic-induced mania. Unpublished reports were requested from the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Twenty-one reports of antimicrobial-induced mania were found in the literature. There were 6 cases implicating clarithromycin, 13 implicating isoniazid, and 1 case each implicating erythromycin and amoxicillin. The WHO reported 82 cases. Of these, clarithromycin was implicated in 23 (27.6%) cases, ciprofloxacin in 12 (14.4%) cases, and ofloxacin in 10 (12%) cases. Cotrimoxazole, metronidazole, and erythromycin were involved in 15 reported manic episodes. Cases reported by the FDA showed clarithromycin and ciprofloxacin to be the most frequently associated with the development of mania. Statistical analysis of the data would not have demonstrated a significant statistical correlative risk and was therefore not undertaken. Patients have an increased risk of developing mania while being treated with antimicrobials. Although this is not a statistically significant risk, physicians must be aware of the effect and reversibility. Further research clearly is required to determine the incidence of antimicrobial-induced mania, the relative risk factors of developing an antimicrobial-induced manic episode among various demographic populations, and the incidence of patients who continue to have persistent affective disorders once the initial episode, which occurs while the patient is taking antibiotics, subsides. The authors elected to

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name this syndrome "antibiomania.".

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         217887 S MENTAL DISORDER
L1
L2
          74834 S (ANXIETY DISORDER) OR (ATTENTION DEFICIT HYPERACTIVITY DISORD
         205220 S (MOOD DISORDER) OR (PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDER) OR (PSY
L3
         270409 S L2 OR L3
L4
L5
            979 S ANTIMICROBIAL COMPOSITION
L6
         785506 S (CATIONIC PEPTIDE) OR CEPHALOSPORIN OR GLYCOPEPTIDE OR MACROL
L7
             20 S L5 (P) L6
L8
         145278 S AMAXICILLIN OR BACITRACIN OR (CEFPODOXIME PROXEETIL) OR CLARI
Ь9
         875100 S L5 OR L6 OR L8
            342 S (L1 OR L2 OR L3) (P) L9
L10
            249 DUPLICATE REMOVE L10 (93 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L11
            150 S L11 (P) TREAT?
L12
L13
              8 S L12 (P) ADMINIST?
         145291 S L7 OR L8
L14
L15
             25 S (L1 OR L4) (P) L14
             17 DUPLICATE REMOVE L15 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L16
L17
             15 S L16 NOT L13
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